Cracking Xpaj: code and payload

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Security Response

Agenda

- File infection
- Code encryption & obfuscation
- Network communication
- Payload functionality
- Conclusion

Introduction

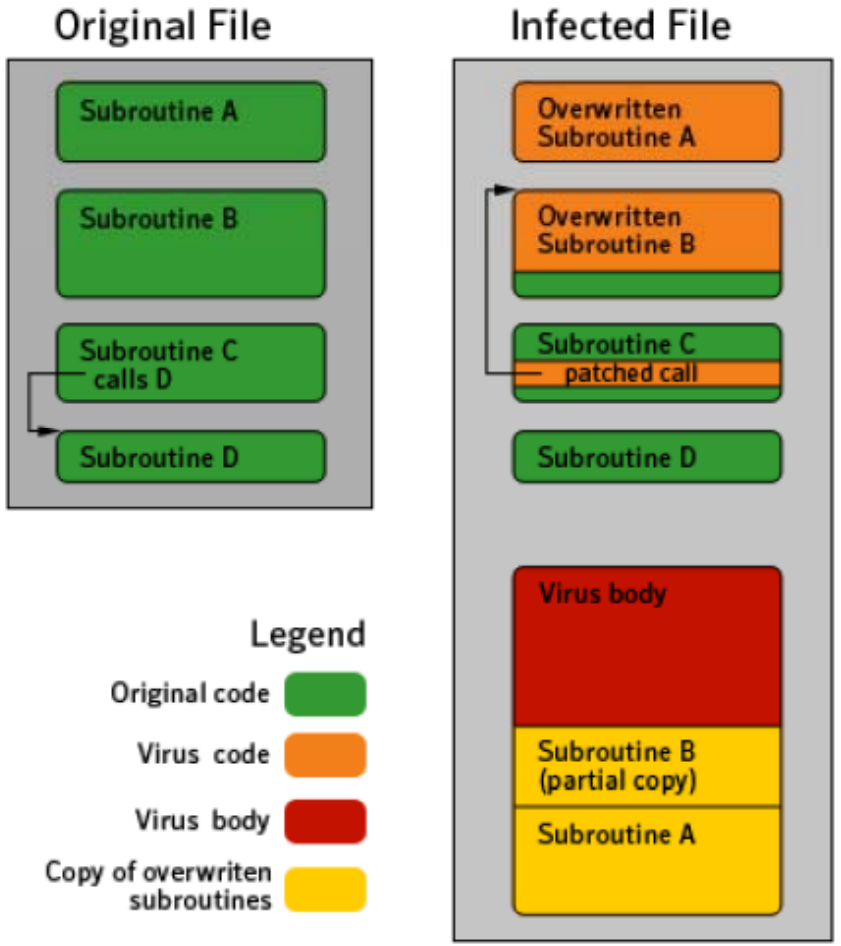
- Xpaj.B is difficult to:
  - Detect
  - Repair
  - Analyze

- Complex infrastructure
  - Encrypted communication
  - Ad-clicking scam

- Shows periodic evolution

File infection

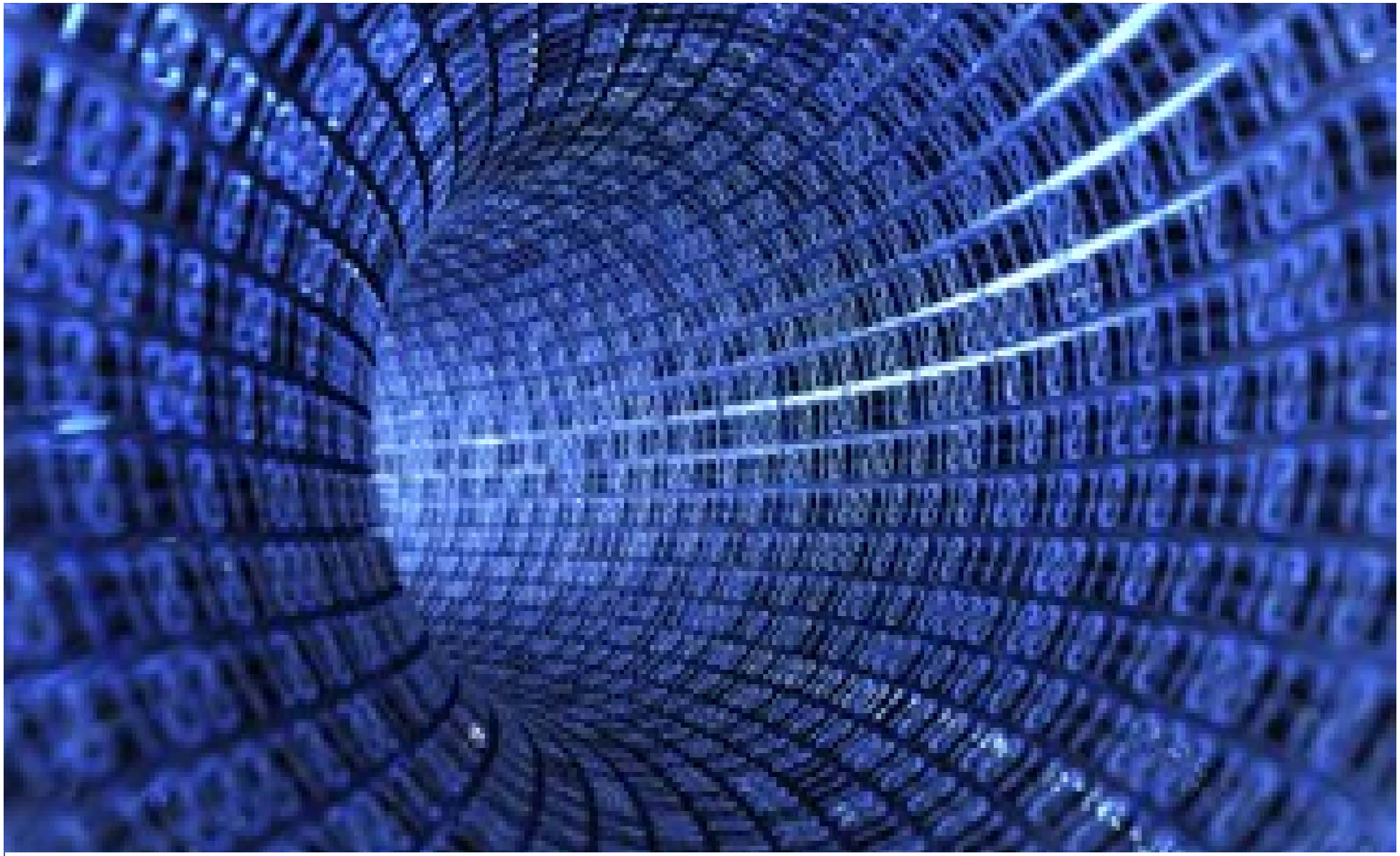
User mode infector



- Infects random subroutines
- Variable size
- Virus body is fully encrypted
- Appends itself to an existing section (usually the end of .data)
- Virus body position is randomized, placed inside random data
- Original code is buried within the body virus

Kernel mode infector

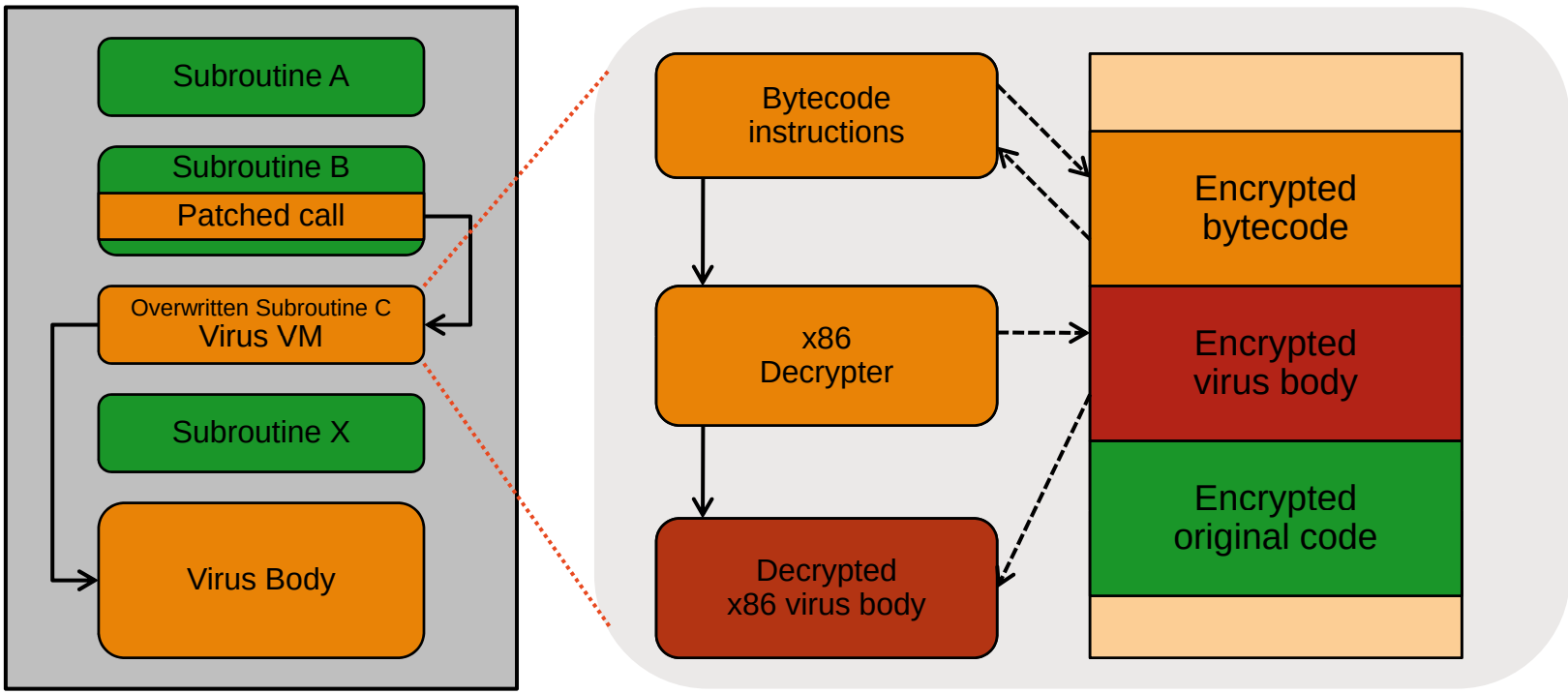
- Kernelmode code exists in the virus
  - used for injecting a thread into new processes
  - Injected thread will
    - Download updates from C&C
    - Spread over network/removable drives
- Xpaj does search and parse drivers, but:
  - It specifically avoids their infection
  - No infected drivers have been observed



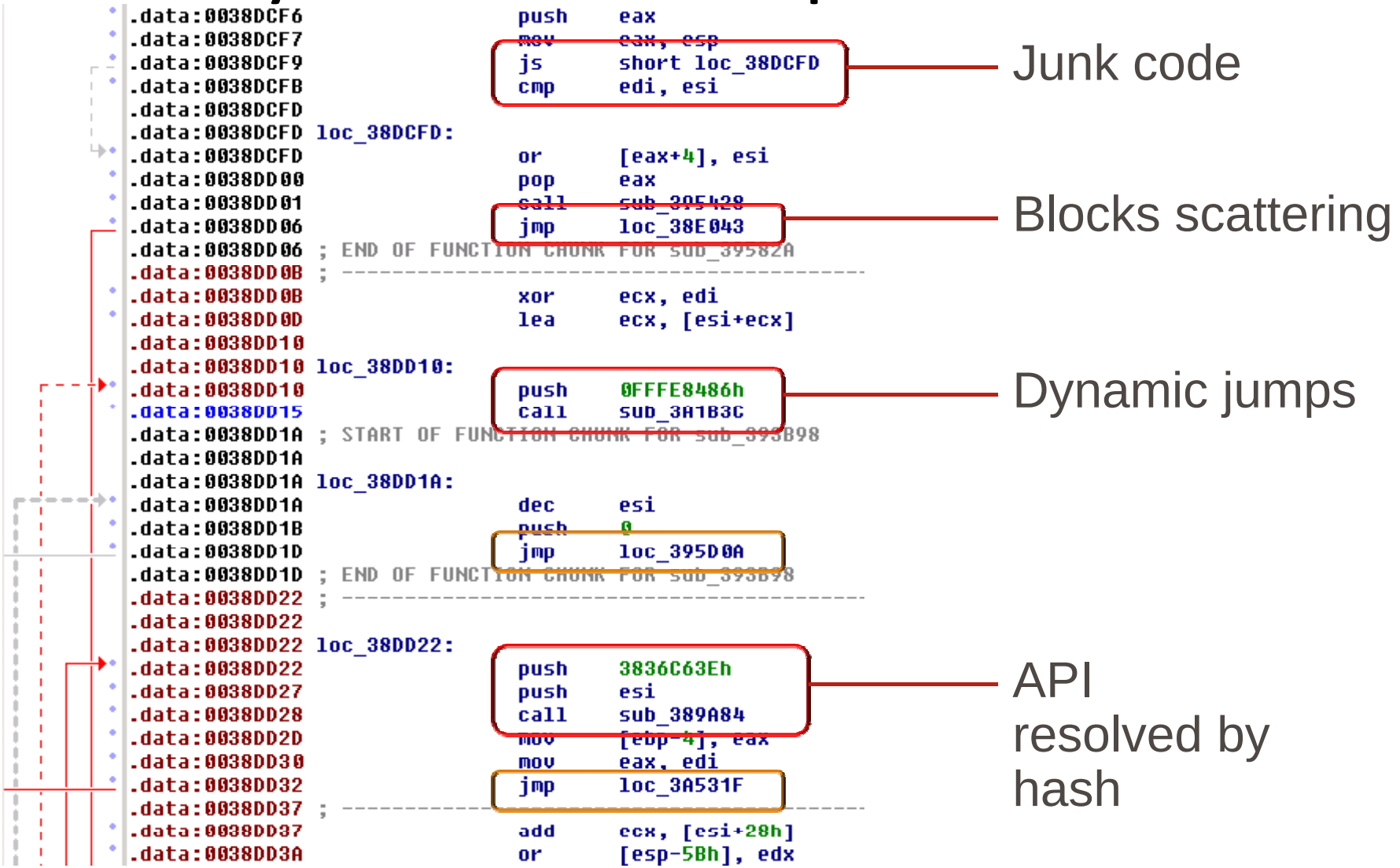
Code encryption & obfuscation

First layer: stack based virtual machine

- Infection entry points are calls to the VM
- VM code and handlers are obfuscated
- Bytecode and viral body are encrypted

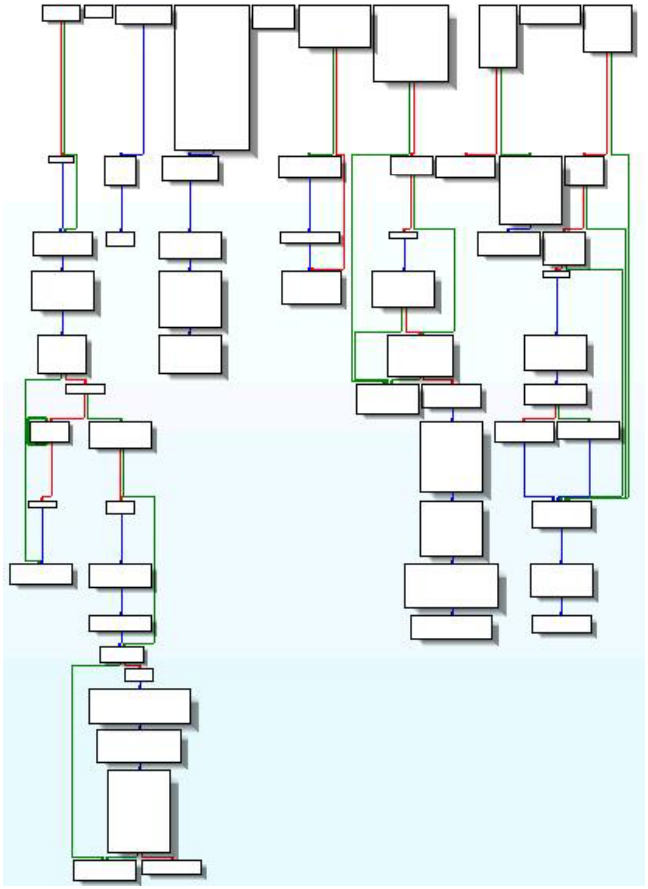


Second layer: obfuscation example



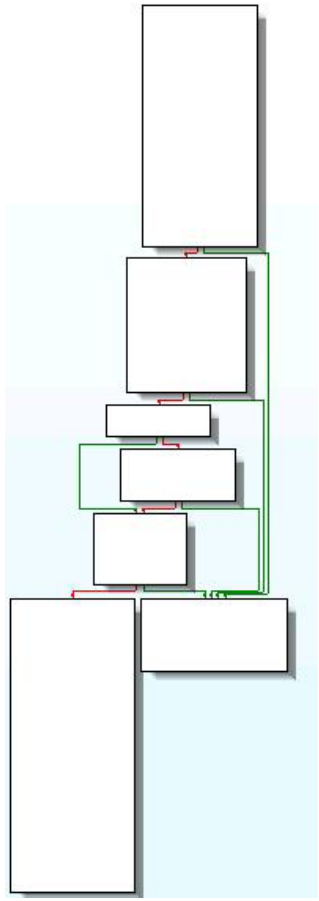
Second layer: obfuscation example

Just to give you an idea:



Obfuscated

Cleanup



Deobfuscated

Network Communication

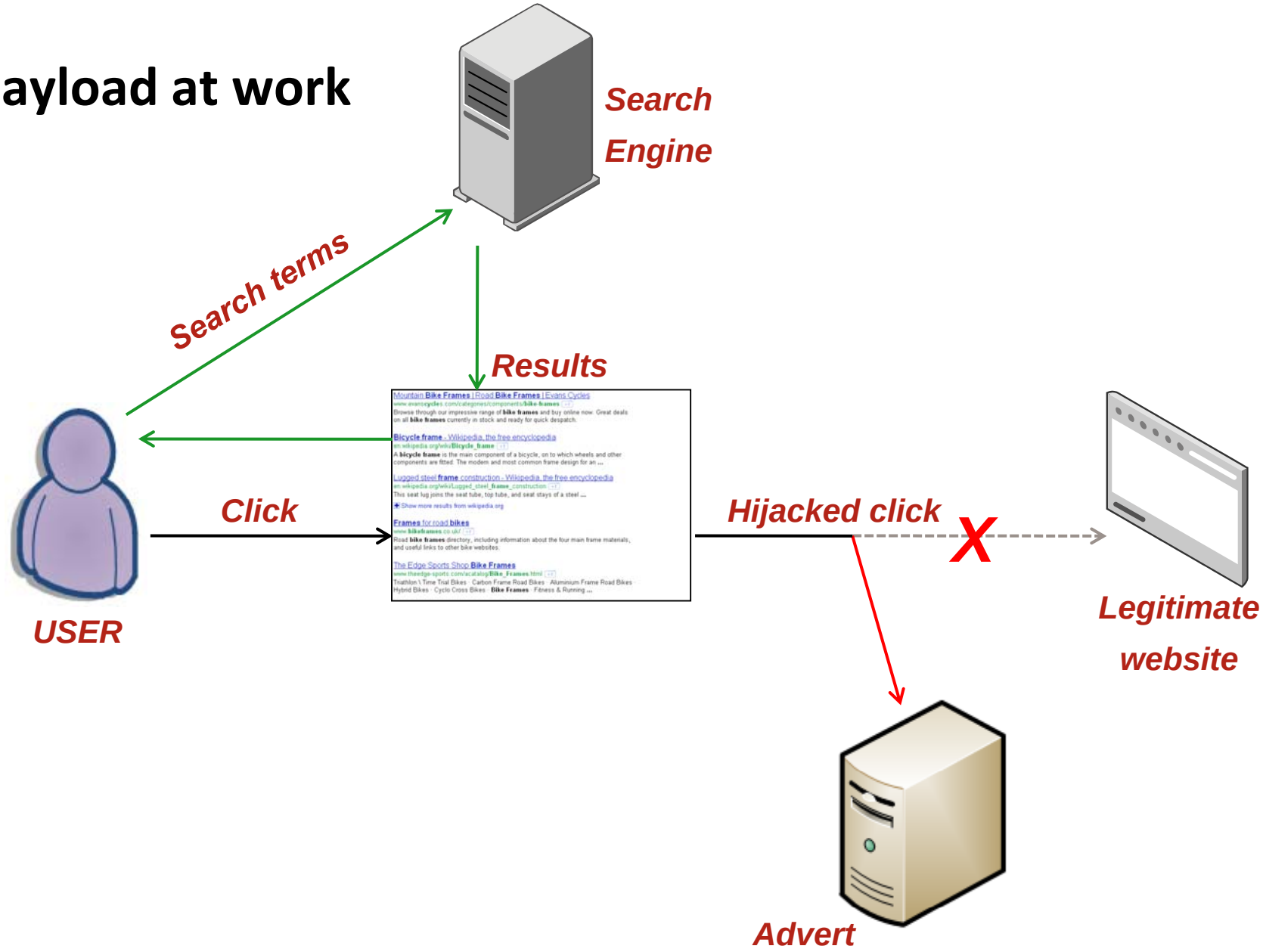
C&C Communication

- C&C address in embedded configuration
  - send/receive data BLOBs
- Pseudo-random domain generator

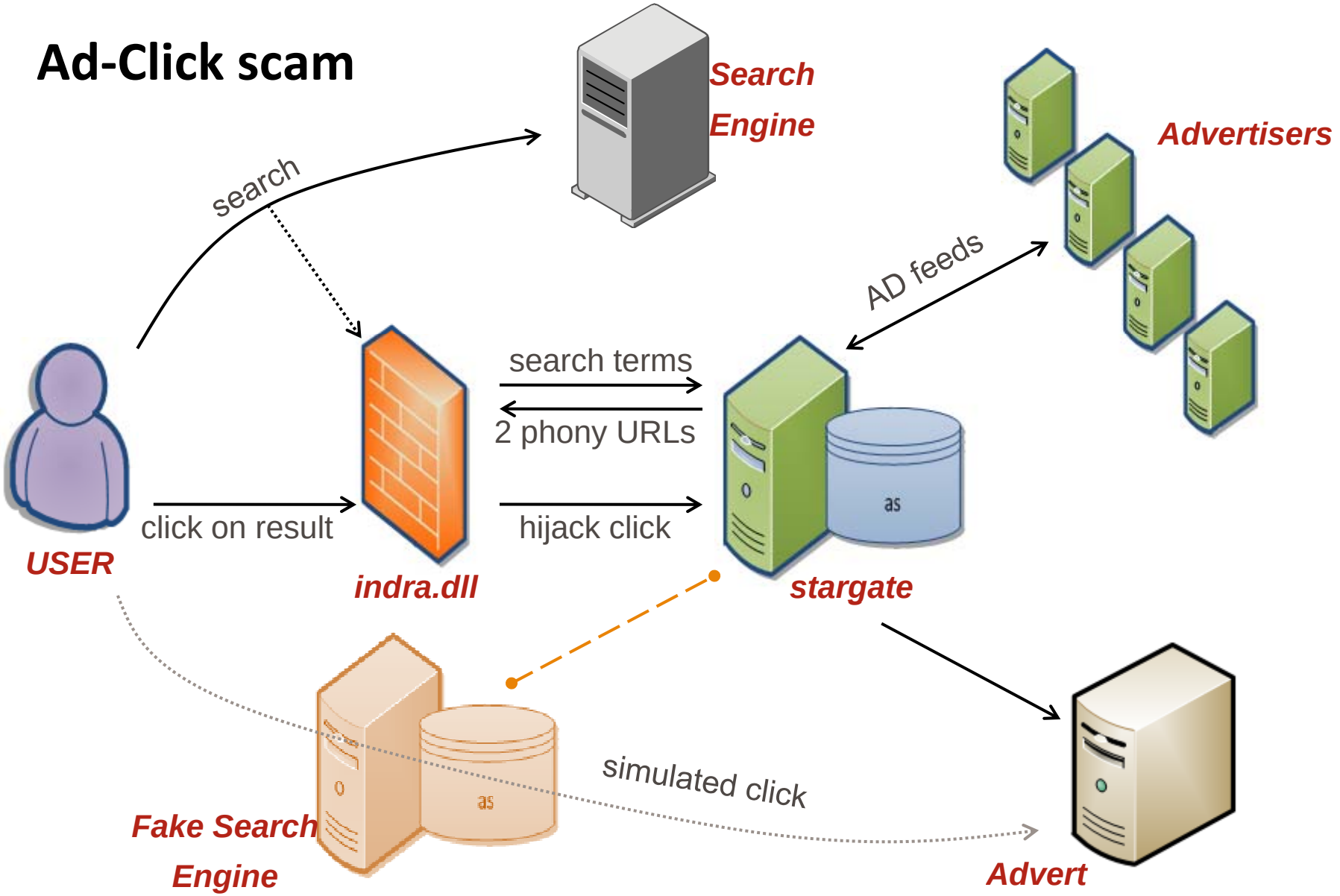
- BLOBs are encrypted and verified
- BLOBs may contain:
  - New configuration data
  - Updated worm binary
  - Payload DLLs
  - Infection tracking information
  - Data about search terms hijacking

Payload functionality

Payload at work

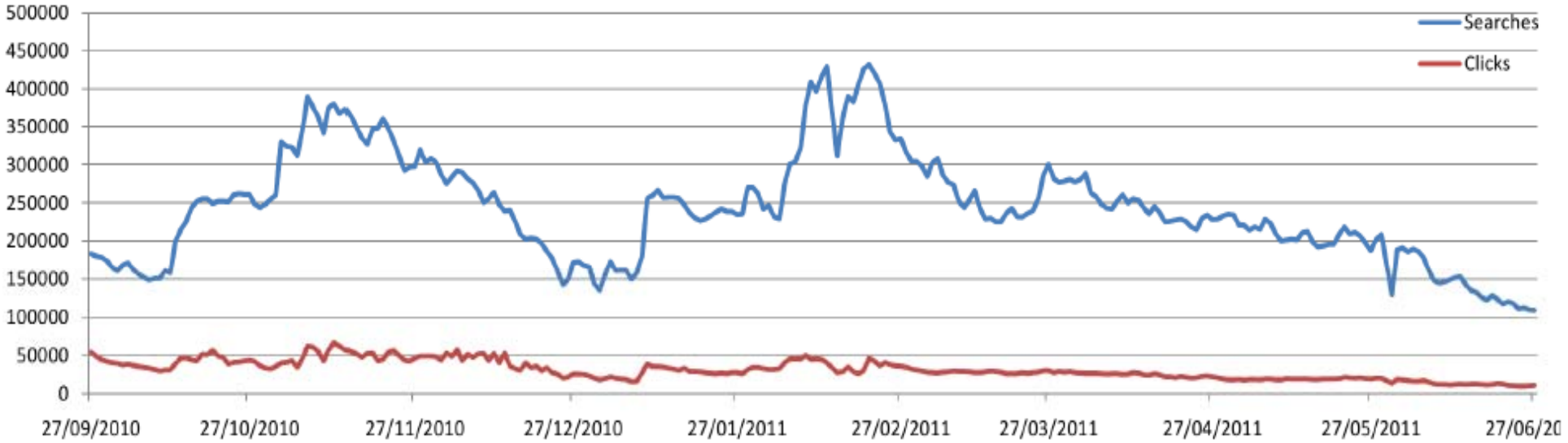


Ad-Click scam

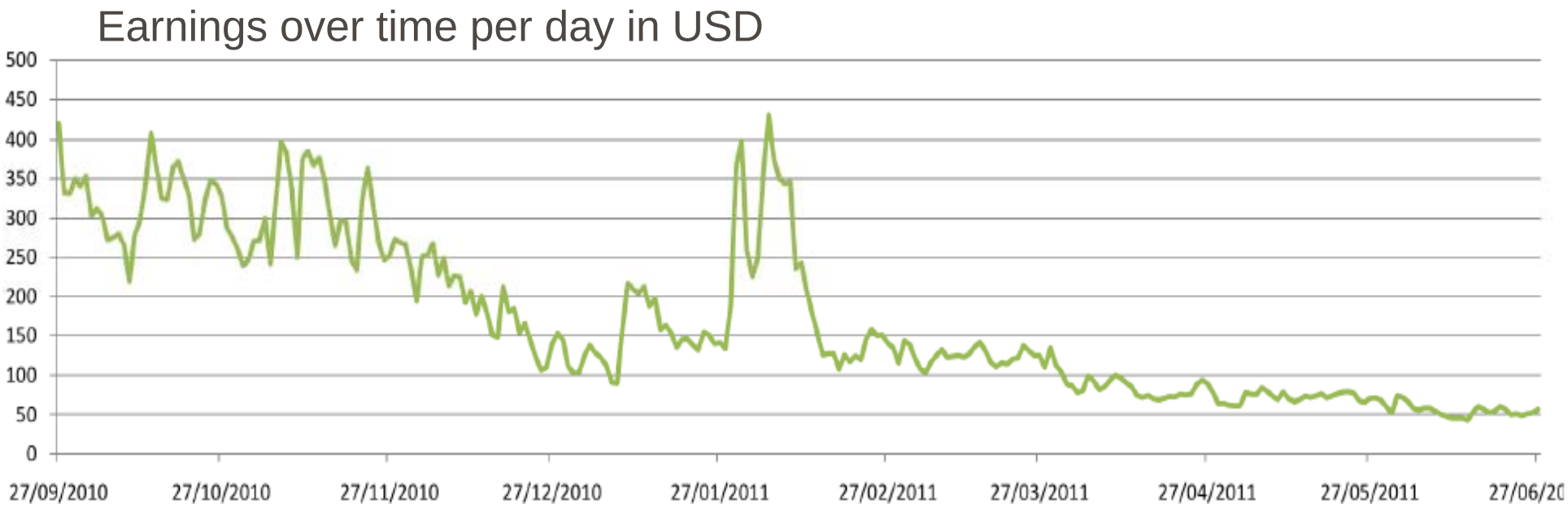


Number of unique IP connections per day

Number of clicks and searches over time



Inside the C&C server: AdClicking scam



Total earnings in observed period of time: $46404

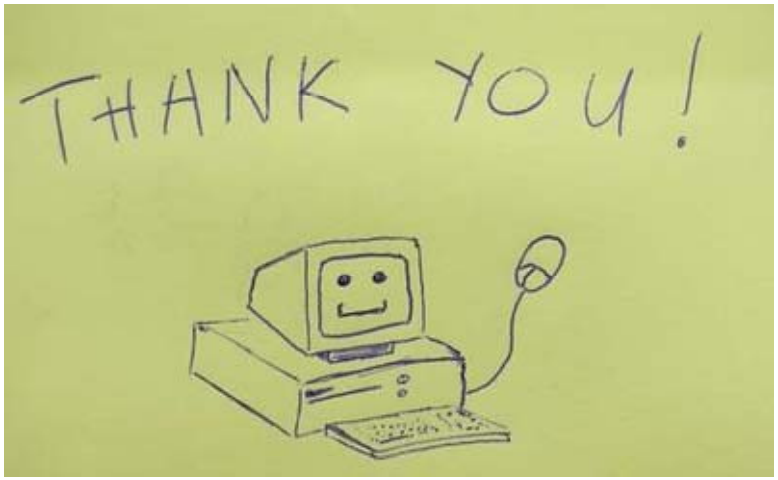
Conclusion

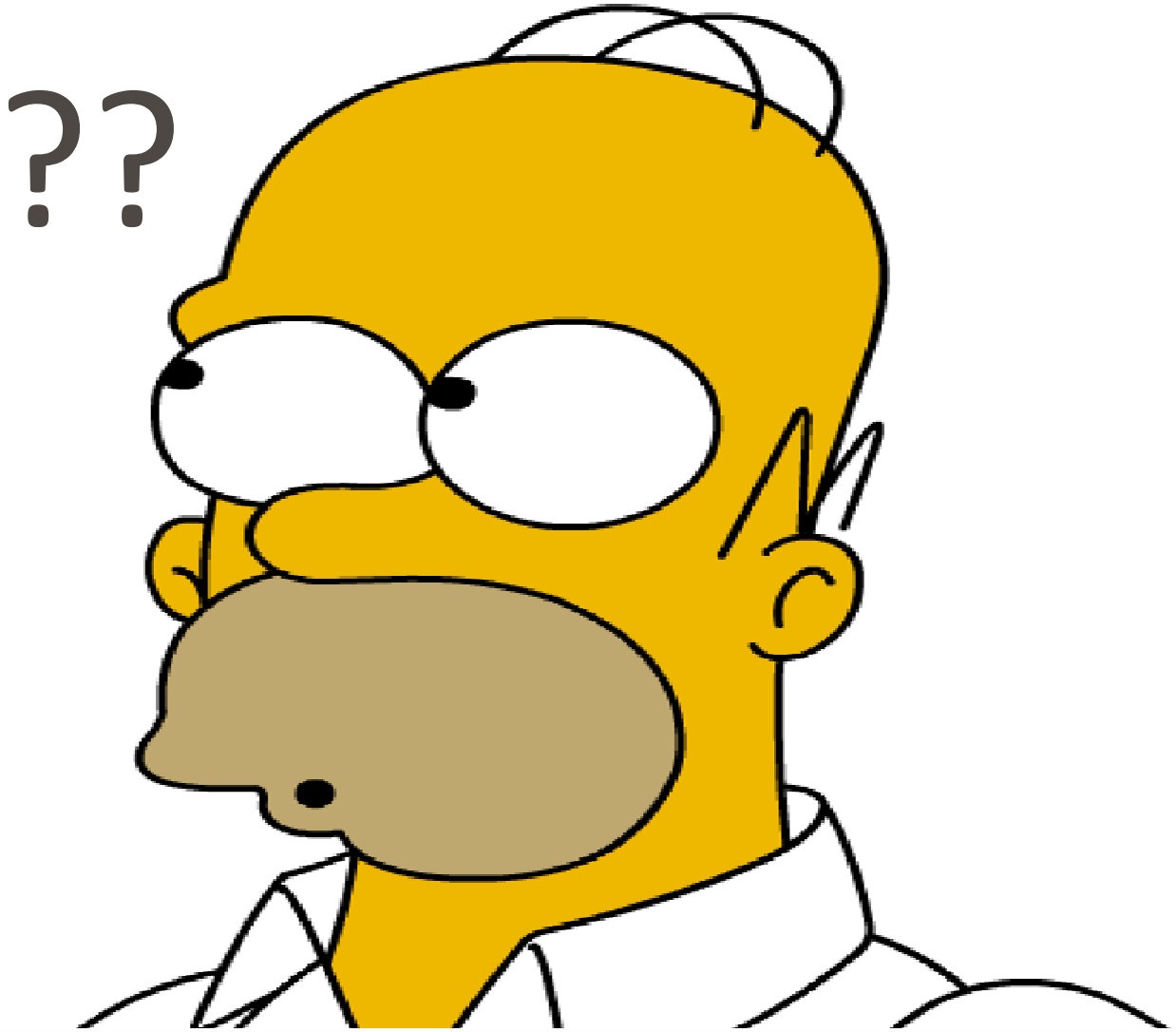
Conclusion

- In time Xpaj added:
  - Encryption of virus body
  - Virtual Machine
  - Compression

- In the future?
  - Kernelmode infection
  - P2P functionality
  - Parse Http commands

... maybe!





Questions

Reference

A detailed whitepaper about W32.Xpaj.B is available from Symantec's website:

http://www.symantec.com/content/en/us/enterprise/media/security_response/whitepapers/w32_xpaj_b.pdf